

INSTALLATION

GROUND PREPARATION



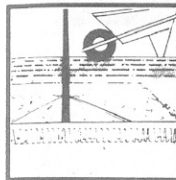
1. TILL SOIL

Till the soil to a depth of 6 inches and allow to dry. If soil is heavy clay add organic matter prior to tilling. Never use fresh sawdust. You may till limestone or gypsum in at this point.



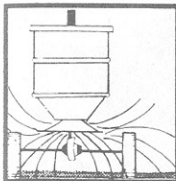
4. LIME

West of the Cascades, lime at the recommended rate (or as soil test indicates). Rake and mix lime into soil with a garden rake, or till into the soil. In other areas call your extension service or take soil tests.



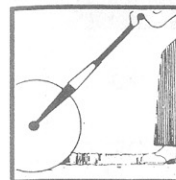
2. GRADE

Remove debris and slope grade away from house and patio. Level and finish grades 1 inch below sidewalk and driveway.



5. FERTILIZE

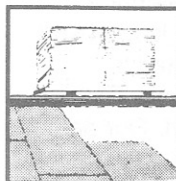
Prior to laying turf, fertilize at the rate of 10 pounds of REDETURF RT-2 fertilizer per 1000 square feet. Rake lightly, touching up final grade.



3. ROLL

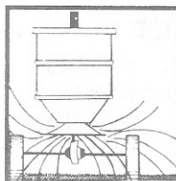
Roll with a water filled lawn roller to firm soil, if necessary. If soil is damp use less water in your roller.

TURF INSTALLATION



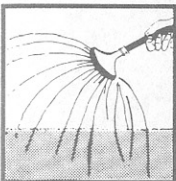
1. LAY TURF

Lay turf in a straight line starting along driveway or with a string. Stagger the end joints brick style.



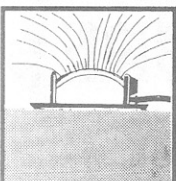
4. FERTILIZE

After installing turf, fertilize at the rate of 10 pounds of REDETURF RT-2 fertilizer per 1000 square feet and water in lightly immediately.



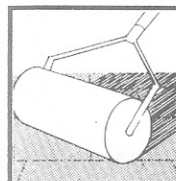
2. KEEP MOIST

Lightly water every 100 square feet or so, as you lay turf, in hot weather. Keep turf damp while installing. **DO NOT ALLOW TURF TO DRY OUT OR IT WILL PERISH. Break down pallets of sod immediately in hot, dry weather as this allows cooling.**



5. SOAK

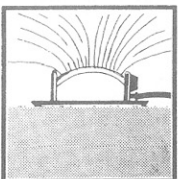
Water, soaking thoroughly to a depth of 6 inches below turf. Avoid excessive run off. In dry, hot weather never allow REDETURF to dry out until well rooted (usually 2 to 3 weeks).



3. ROLL

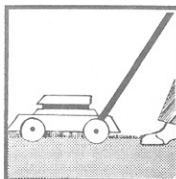
Roll with a lawn roller (1/3 to 1/2 filled with water), diagonally to the joints to firm the roots to the soil below. If soil is too wet or very soft, wait several weeks then roll, or lay plywood strips on the turf and walk on the plywood to finish the grade.

MAINTENANCE



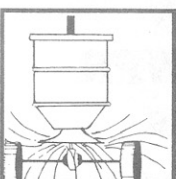
1. WATER

After roots of your REDETURF are well established, frequency of watering can be reduced to once or twice a week. Watering schedule must be adapted to individual conditions. One deep watering is superior to several light waterings. Don't water beyond the point of run off. Watering in early morning is preferred.



2. MOW

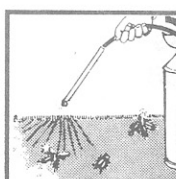
All REDETURF should be mowed at least once a week during the growing season to a height of 1 1/2 inches. Keep mower sharp and never cut over 1/3 of the blade length at each mowing. It is best to pick up clippings.



3. FERTILIZE

Fertilization is the key to healthy turf. RT-2 is the proper blend of balanced nutrients (16-4-8) with slow release nitrogen and trace elements. The following is a guide for Western Oregon and Washington: (lbs per 1000 ft) In other areas contact your extension service.

DATE		DATE	
Feb 25	4	Aug. 20	6
Apr. 1	6	Sept. 25	6
May 15	6	Oct. 30	10
June 30	8		



4. INSECTS/WEEDS

Most insects are not a serious problem in Oregon and Washington. If populations do build up consult your local nursery or county extension agent for help. The best defense against weeds is healthy growing turf. When controlling weeds with herbicides be very careful around plants and flowers. Never apply on windy or rainy days.